1 PLACE OF DEATH		MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH		
Township	Registration District	No. 669	File No	22937
Village Zecitlela or	Primary Registration	n District No. 5892	Registered No	14
2FULL NAME OV9	s Pau	St.;.	Ward)	[If death occurred in a hospital or institution give its NAME instead of street and number.]
PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PART	ICULARS	MEDICAL	CERTIFICATE OF D	DEATH
3 GEX 4 COLOR OR RACE MARRIED WIDOWED OR DIVORCE (Write the	Lunde	16 DATE OF DEATH	(Month)	(Day) (Year)
6 DATE OF BIRTH  (Mooth)	10 1898 (Day) (Year)	17 I HEREBY C		tended deceased from
7 AGE. 7 mos /2	If LESS than 1 day,hrs. ds. ormin.?	that I last saw haliv and that death occurred, The CAUSE OF DEATH	on the date stated	above, at
8 OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work		asiolula	l alson	ruing.
(b) General nature of industry business, or establishment in which employed (or employer)		183	110	J
9 BIRTHPLACE (City or town, State or foreign country)  Mo		(Du	ration)yrs	de
10 NAME OF FATHER	9.2.	(Secondary)	uption)y	ds
11 BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country)  12 MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER Y	no a	(Signed) / 1990) 5 - 22 - 1917	(Address) Ord	Tio CO
13 BIRTHPLACE	uel 0	*State the Disease Causin (1) Means of Injury; and (2) 18 LENGTH OF RESIDENCE	ng Death, or, in deaths fro ) whether Accidental, I	m Violent Causes, state Suicidal or Homicidal
OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country)	7.0	At place	In the	
(Informant)		of deathyrsmos Where was disease contra if not at place of death?	cted	yrsds.
(Address) Smithton	· Was -	Former or usual residence		TE OF BURIAL
15 Filed July 2 1917 S.M.	D .	Smith ton 20 UNDERTAKER	mo Ju	25, 1917
191 J., V.A.	Registrar	<b>7</b> 0	Z Z	~ )

## Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association.]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer." "Foreman." "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the disease causing death, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the disease causing death (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritonaeum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of ...... (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough: Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death). 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage." "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septichaemia," "Puerperal peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUI-CIDAL, OR HOMICIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acidprobably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)